

HISTORY OF RUSSIA



RUSSIA

3 Themes in Russian History

1. Expansion east and west

- From 800 AD to 1900s the land Russia controlled increased greatly because of their powerful leaders

2. Harsh treatment of common people

- Under czars serfs were overworked, overtaxed, uneducated, and poor
- Under communism the government control was supreme, harsh punishments, and lots of secrecy...they do educate the people

3. Slow to Westernize

- Isolated from the world for many years
- Went through the Industrial Revolution late
- Behind the rest of the world culturally and industrially
- Military and technology was not as advanced until the late 1900s



Soviet flag = Communism

- Red = blood
- Star = unity
- Hammer = workers
- Sickle = peasants/serfs

Kiev



Formation of Russia/Early History 800-1200 AD

- **1st Rus Civ developed around Kiev.**
- **People were Vikings/Slavs**
- **Eventually known as “Rus” ...and became known as Russians.**

2. E. Orthodox Christian Church & Cyrillic Alphabet



А а Аа Б б Бб В в Вв Г г Гг
Д д Дд Е е Ее Ё ё Её Ж ж Жж
З з Зз И и Ии Й й Йй К к Кк
Л л Лл М м Мм Н н Нн О о Оо
П п Пп Р р Рр С с Сс Т т Тт
У у Уу Ф ф Фф Х х Хх Ц ц Цц
Ч ч Чч Ш ш Шш Щ щ Щщ Ъ ъ Ъ
Ы ы Ыы Э э Ээ Ю ю Юю Я я Яя

Both still used in Russia today!

3. This Slavic state...

- Known as **Russia**
- Forced people to pay **high taxes** & **serve in the army**
- Expanded trade with **Silk Road**
- This **Mongol Empire** was strong, but **overthrown in 1462** by...

Ivan the Great



- 1462-1505
- Created strong and unified Russia
- Conquered land
- “Czar”
- Ended Mongol rule

4. Why was Russian Empire always in danger?

- Too large/hard to defend**
- Many types of borders**
- Easy to invade**
- Fighting among people**
- Many enemies**

5. As Russian Empire grew...

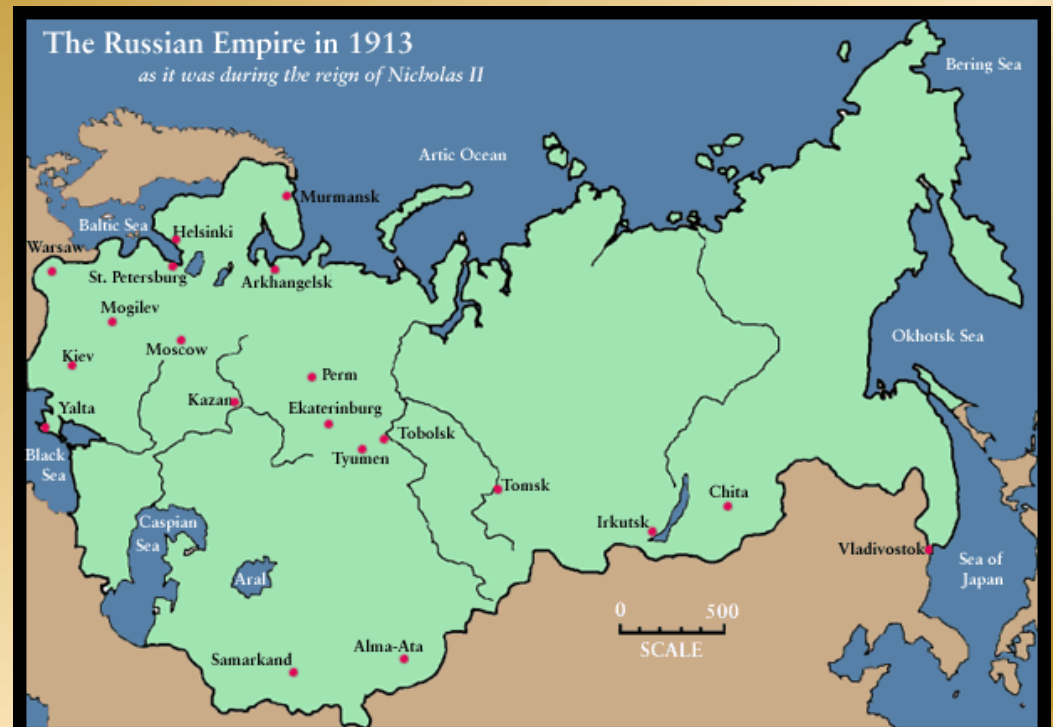
- **Many groups were added:**
Slavs, Armenians, Georgians,
Muslims, Azerbs, Baltics,
Central Asian, etc...
- **Many contributions to Russian culture:** **customs, religion,**
language, achitecture, other
cultural ways



6.Ivan the Terrible

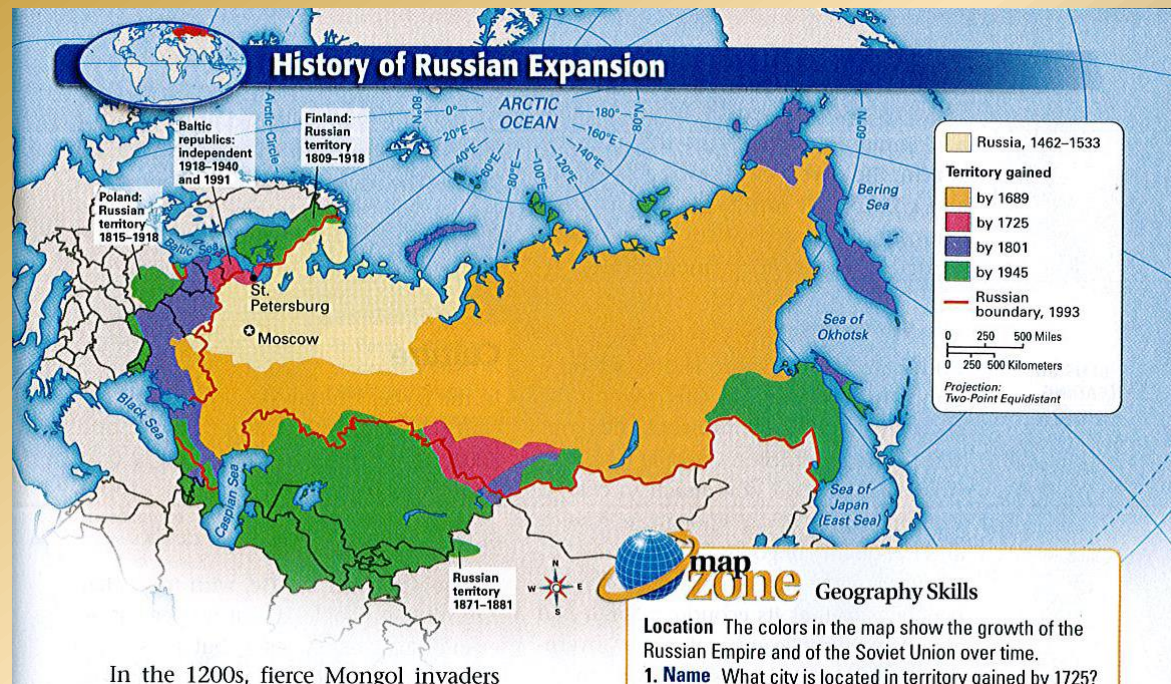
- 16 years old crowned czar of Russia(1547-1584)
- Increased size of Russia more
- St. Basil built
- Killed own son
- Serfs begin here*

7. The Russian czars built a land based empire!



7. Easier to expand east than west

- **West was Europe**
 - Powerful kingdoms
 - Different political beliefs, laws, customs
 - Religious differences



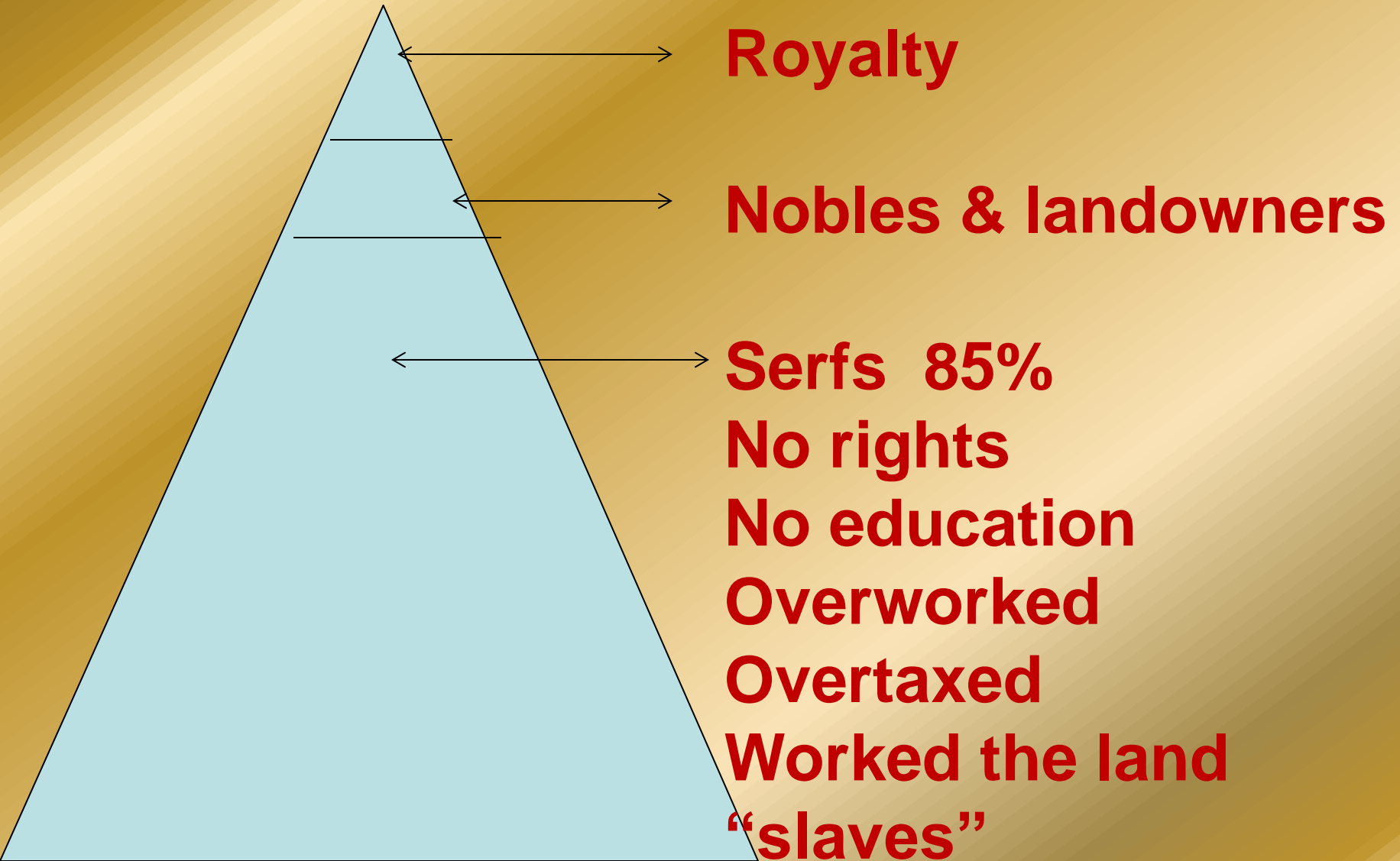
8. As czars conquered more **territory** they wanted all people to **speak Russian & learn Russian ways.**

How did non Russian people feel about this???

9. Russian people did not like czars

- **Involved them in many wars**
- **Forced to be “Russian”**
- **Poor living conditions**
- **Economic hardships**
- **Could not vote**
- **Forced into military**

10. Diagram of Russian society under the czars...





11. Michael Romanov (grand nephew of Ivan IV)

Nicholas Romanov II



12. Peter the Great (show dvd)



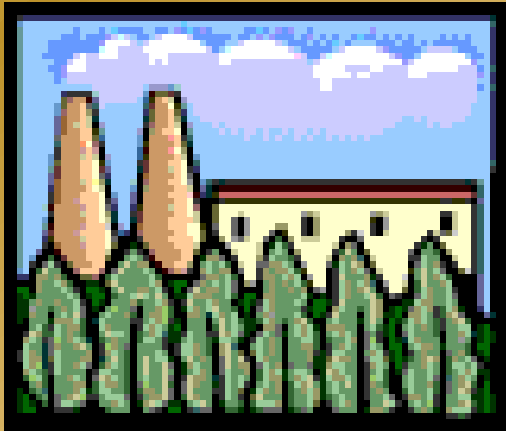
- Increased trade with Europe & wants to be more like it
- Had St. Petersburg built
- Moved capital
- Reorganized government and military

13. Catherine the Great



- Smart and popular
- Built schools and hospitals
- Gave religious freedom
- World power

14. The Industrial Revolution missed Russia. (p. 73/ p. 671-673)



Industrial Revolution was...

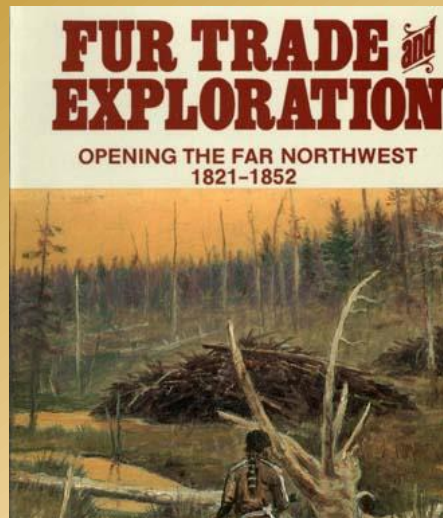
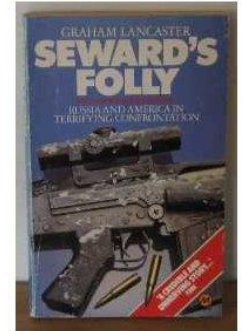
- Time in history mid 1700s when machines were invented to do work and industry grew. People moved to cities to get jobs in factories.**

How did it change life?

- **People moved to cities**
- **Increase in machinery means increase in crops, factories, goods produced**
- **Work became easier**
- **More technology and innovations**
- **Rise of middle class**
- **Factory owners...become rich!**
- **Imperialism...countries have “colonies” for resources**

15. Russia sells Alaska!

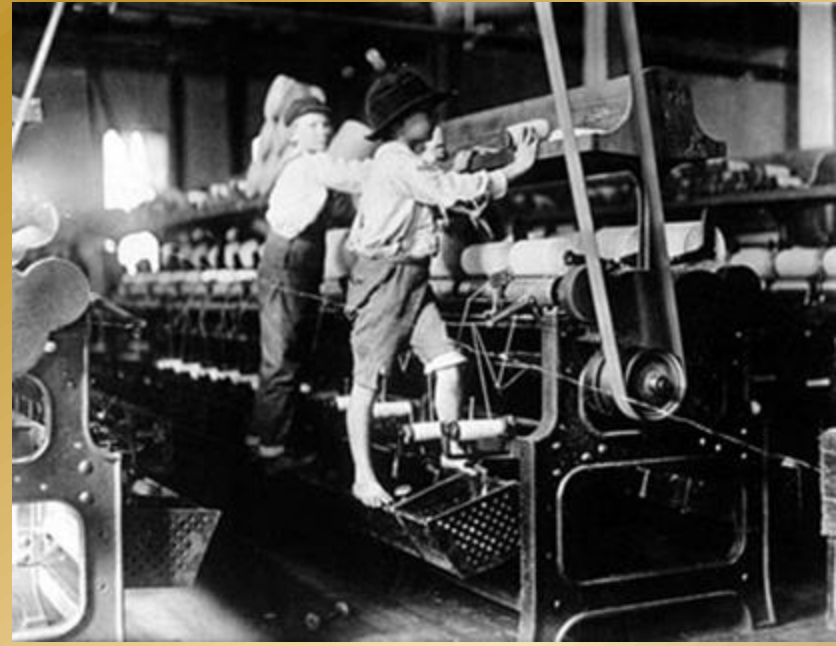
- \$7.2 million
- 1861 Alexander II freed the serfs
- Fur trading has been unprofitable
- Russia needs more money for war debts



16 & 17. Late 1800s in Russia...

- Still a country of poor farmers/serfs that were uneducated, overworked, & overtaxed
- Life becomes worse because of droughts/food shortages, lack of trade, and global depression.
- *USA & Europe have gone through the IR and modernized...RUSSIA missed the IR!*







**18. Czar Nicholas II
was ruling Russia.**



Czar Nicholas II

- The last czar of Russia
- Abdicated the throne
- He and his family are executed
- He is blamed for poor conditions of his country and losing WWI



19. Bloody Sunday 1905

- **People see czar as weak leader**
- **Lost war with Japan over Korea and Manchuria 1904-1905**
- **People gather to protest**
- **Russian police open fire and kill 100+ people**
- **This sets off strikes and riots**
- **Duma is created (ruling body for gov)**

Bloody Sunday



WW1 & Russia

- War against Germany and losing badly
- Only 2/3 of Russian soldiers had guns, little other equipment or supplies
- Remember...not modern...missed the IR
- Russian people are starving and suffering!
- Fighting a war for a czar they hated





VIEWIMAGES™

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THE REVOLUTION OF 1917



20.

- **REVOLUTION** = overthrow of the government
- **CIVIL WAR** = a war between different groups of people within the same country

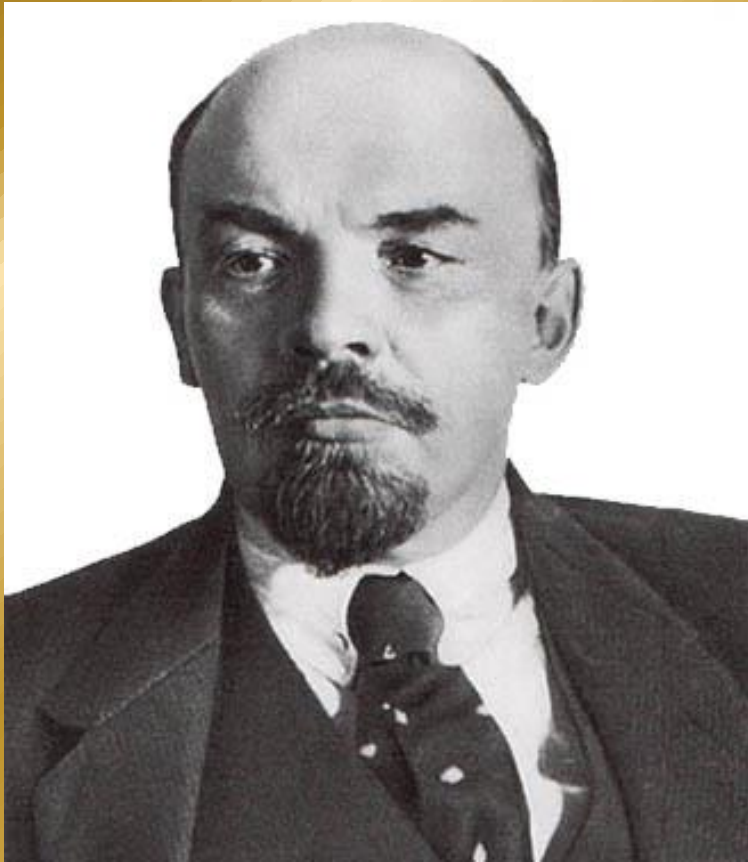
21. Russian Revolution 1917

- The serfs and soldiers rebelled against the czar
- Terrible living conditions
- Czar Nicholas II abdicated (gave up) his throne
- Reds=Bolsheviks=Communists were led by Lenin
- Whites=Czar's people=Non Communists



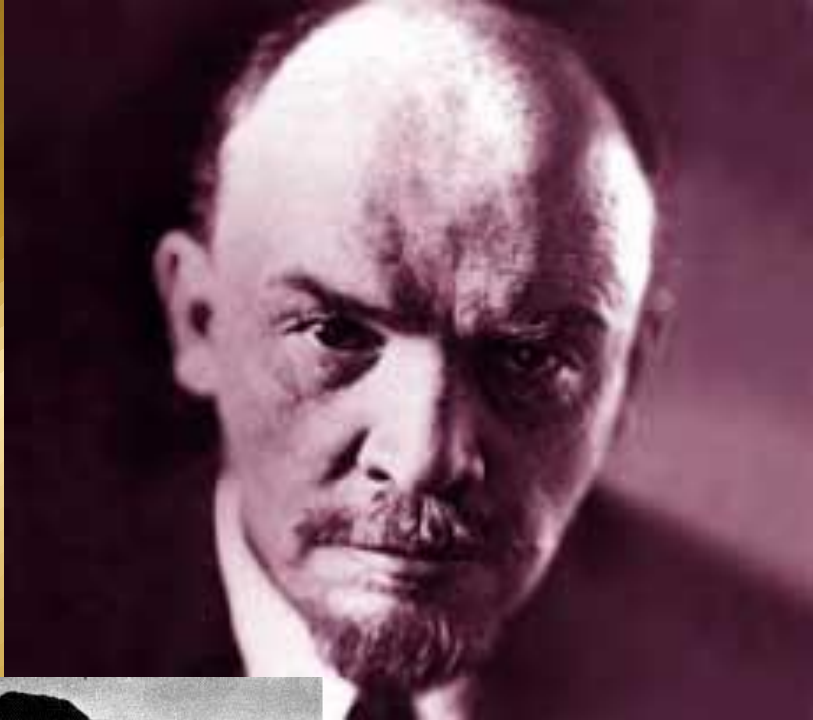


The Bolsheviks lead by Vladimir Lenin seized power.



Ruled: 1922-1924





22. After the revolution...civil war

- **Reds vs Whites**
- **Crops, homes, factories destroyed**
- **People feared change**
- **People disagree about gov owning everything**
- **~7 million people die**



Russian Revolution and Civil War

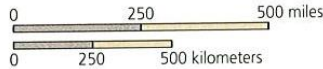
1917-1922

Areas of Control, 1918

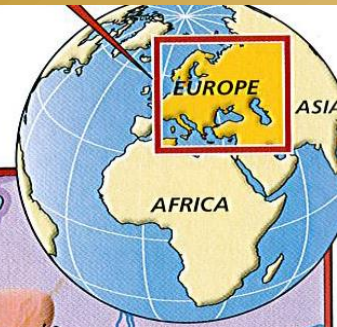
- Bolsheviks (Reds)
- Bolshevik-controlled city
- Anti-Bolsheviks (Whites)

Advances of Armies

- White Army, 1918-1919
- Red Army, 1919-1921
- Major battle



B The Bolsheviks (communists) also were called Reds. Their opponents, the anti-Bolsheviks, were called Whites. Reds and Whites battled for control of Russia.



1 February Revolution
Uprising forces czar to give up throne in 1917.

2 October Revolution
Led by Lenin, Bolsheviks establish a communist government.

5 1918 Bolsheviks kill the czar and his family.

3 1918 Bolsheviks pull Russia out of World War I.

4 1918 Civil war erupts between Reds and Whites.

6 1919-1921 Red Army advances and wins war.

7 1922 Communists form the Soviet Union.

Show DVD on Russian Revolution

23. Russian Revolution Importance

- Causes: harsh living conditions of people, weak leadership under the czar, most people are poor and want a better life, they rebel
- Outcomes: Lenin sets up USSR, first communist country, guarantees people peace, a home, job, and food



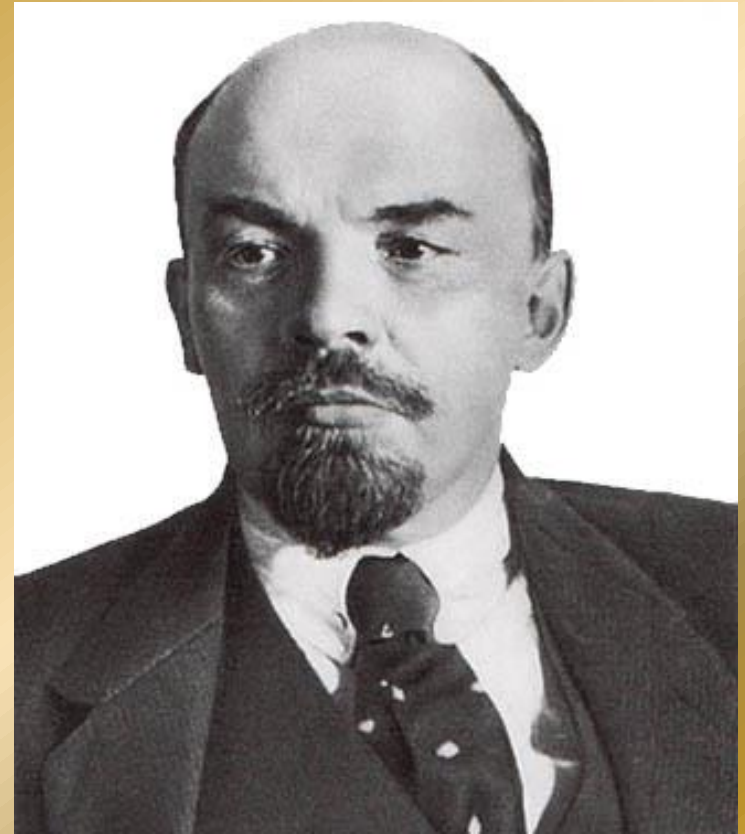


24. USSR is a totalitarian government organized into 15 republics divided along ethnic lines.



25. **Lenin** died a hero to the people.

- **Promised to end war, feed people, house, and job.**
- **Ruled 1922-1924**
- **Body instate in Red Square**
- **Thousands of people still visit**







26. Czar Nicholas Romanov II family

- **Czar = Nicholas Romanov**
- **Wife = Alexandria**
- **Son= Alexei**
- **Daughters= Anastasia, Maria, Olga, Tatiana**





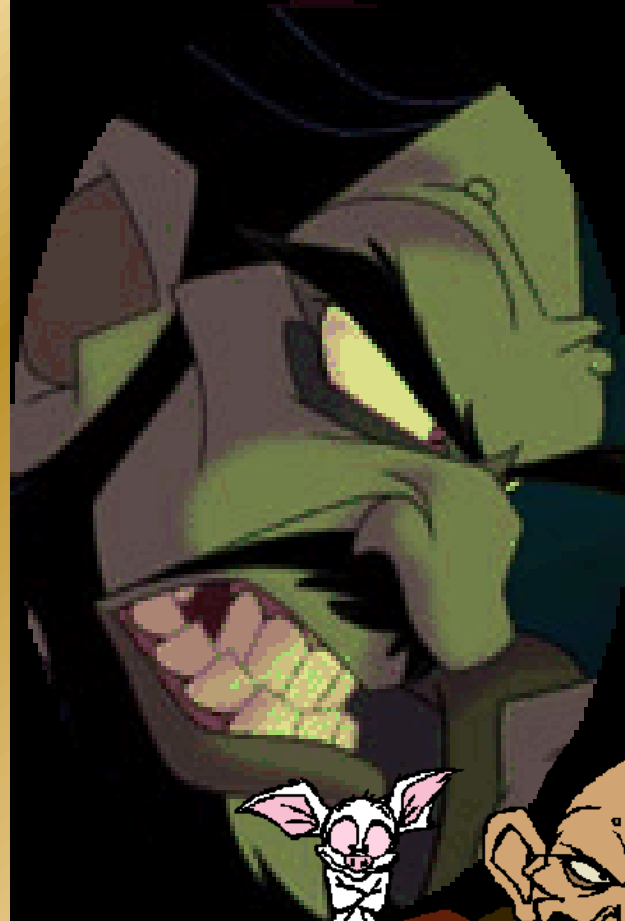
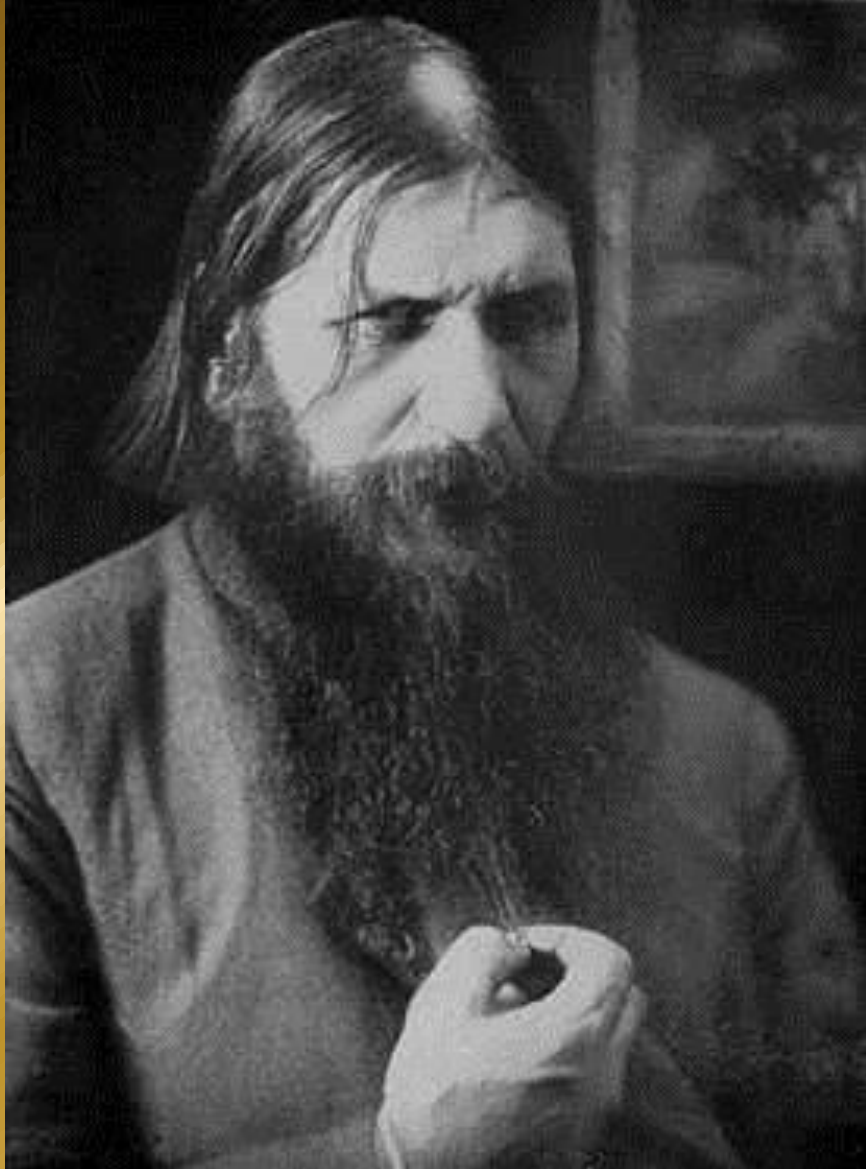
**Wanted no
royalty to
disrupt the
revolution!**

27.

EXECUTED!



**The Czar and his family, all shot and stabbed
to death by the communists in July 1918**



**Advisor
to Czar**

**Poisoned
Shot
Drowned**



28. RASPUTIN

29. 1990s Czar's family recovered (check out youtube)

- 1991 bodies found
- Bones recovered and try to match up to identities of family members
- Created controversy in country
- 1998 formally buried in St Petersburg



LENIN'S DEATH

**30. Lenin died in
1924**

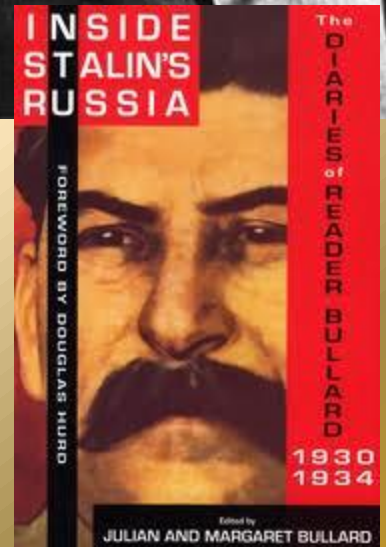
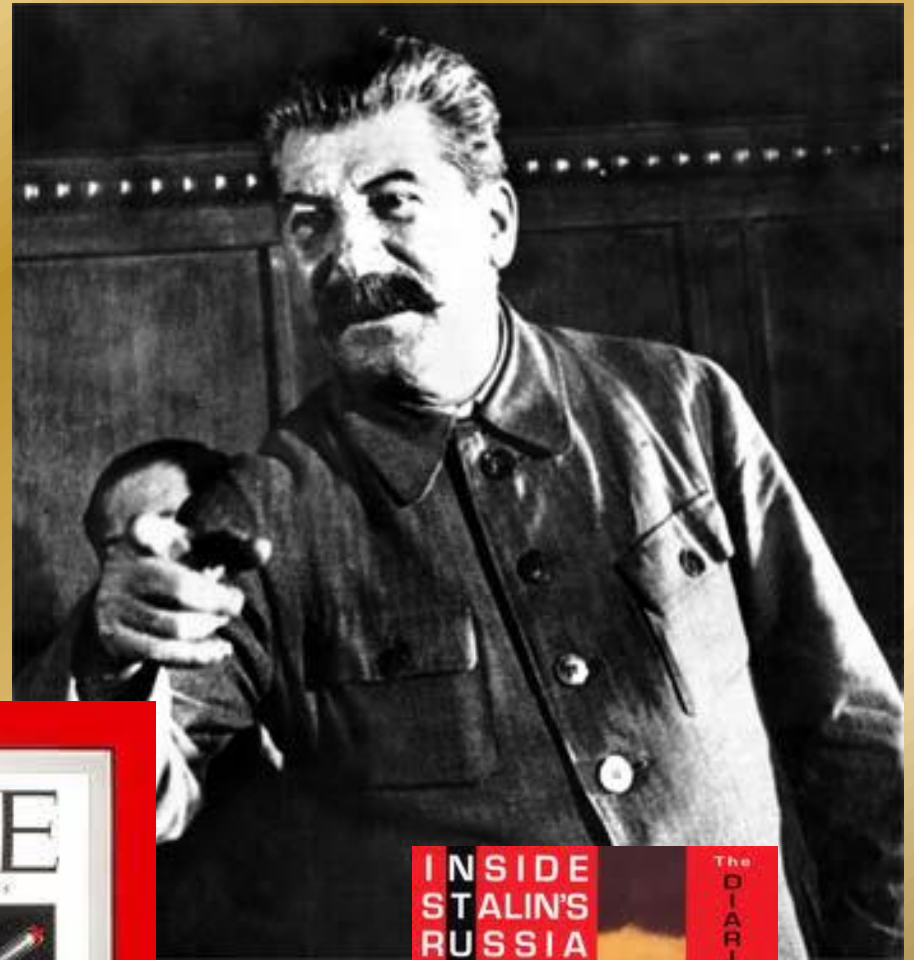
**His dying words
were, “Don’t let**

Stalin gain control.”

Josef STALIN

**Stalin takes
over power
in 1928 after
a power
struggle.**





Ruthless dictator until his death in 1953.



Collectivized the farmers.



Reign of Terror.

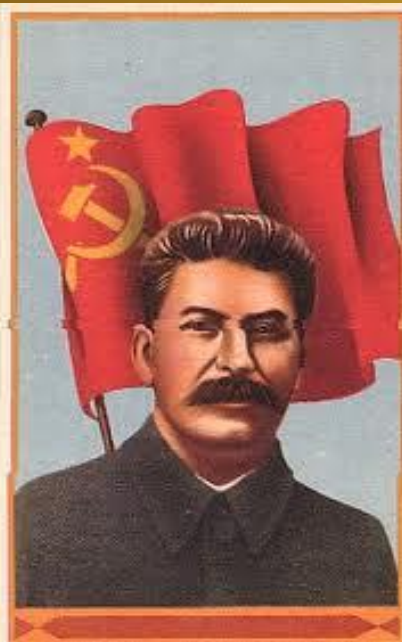
**To stop unrest he
murdered many.**

Many were opposed to collectivization. He starved them.

3 Million starved to death in the Ukraine.



**Russianized the
republics. Made
them speak Russian
and follow the
Russian culture.**



ЛИКИЙ СТАЛИН-ЗНАМЯ ДРУЖБЫ НАРОДОВ СССР!



**ВВЛУН СТАЛИНА ЕСО ОДСУН!
СЛАВА ВЕЛИКОМУ
СТАЛИНУ!**



**WE CANNOT LOSE
WHEN STALIN
IS ON OUR SIDE**

1936 started the
Great Purges. He
murdered millions
and imprisoned
others. Sent them
to Siberia.



ENGRAVED BY WOOD IN THE NORTH







30. Stalin

GOOD

- Industrialized Russia
- Built up military...STRONG!
- Improved infrastructure
- Increased size of USSR
- Basic needs of people provided
- Made country self sufficient
- EDUCATION
- WORLD POWER!
 - Military and Space Program

BAD

- Brutal
- Killed ~ 20 million people
- Much secrecy
- 5 year plans for economy
- Sent people to Siberia
- Starved people
- Imposed Russian Culture
- Little competition and poor quality goods
- “Reign of Terror”

WW II 1938 - 1945



31. WWII

- **Allies vs Axis**
- **Allies = USA, France, GB, USSR, China**
- **Axis = Germany, Italy, Japan**
- **Allies will eventually win**
- **USA and USSR will emerge as superpowers !**





**Stalin and Hitler
signed a
non-aggression
pact.**



Hitler turned on Stalin

- He attacked Russia
- Russia fights back
- Now war on 2 fronts
- Hitler will lose WWII

Eventually Germany

lost.





NAZIS QUIT

V-E DAY OFFICIALLY TOMORROW

London, May 7. (AP)—The war against Germany, the greatest in history, ended today with unconditional surrender of the once mighty Wehrmacht. The surrender to the western Allies and Russia was made at General Eisenhower's headquarters at Reims, France, by the German High Command.

The British government announced that tomorrow will be celebrated as V-E Day. Prime Minister Churchill will broadcast at 9 a. m. Eastern War Time and King George VI at 3 p. m. EWT.

Norfolk Aired
 To Celebrate
 In Silver Mood



In Washington, announcements were made today for a broadcast by President Truman, Prime Minister Churchill, and King George VI.

News of the surrender came to an estimated 100 million Americans at 9:05 a. m. (NORFOLK TIME), and immediately set the clock back to the end of the war.

The end of the European war, after 20 months and months of fighting, has ended the war in Europe.

For the news was reported only by the realization that the war against Japan is still to be fought, with more territory to be gained.

32. Daily Life in USSR

- **Poor economy and quality of life**
- **No incentive to work hard**
- **Basic needs provided**
- **Supply lines**
- **No rights, freedoms, or religion**
- **Government owned everything and made all decisions**
- **Fear of KGB and punishment**

33. Positives of Communism

- Basic needs provided
- Superpower status
- Industrialized
- Improved education
- Improved learning of the “Arts”
- Not many decisions to make

33. Negatives of Communism

- 5 year plans
- Propaganda by the government
- No rights, freedoms, or religion
- Severe punishment
- Poor living and working conditions
- No voting
- Controlled media
- Few decisions made by the people
- **Want to spread it to other places!**

34. Positives of Command Economy

- **All people have jobs, place to live, food**
- **Get paid even if do poor work**
- **Basic supplies in stores**
- **Few worries**
- **Planning done for you**

34. Negatives of a Command Economy

- **Cannot own home or business**
- **No incentive to work hard = lazy**
- **Governments chooses job, home, school**
- **Low productivity**
- **Poor quality of life**

Watch video...
Communism &
Socialism